Periodic disclosure for financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

ESG Multi-Asset Fund

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The **EU Taxonomy** is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: ESG Multi-Asset Fund Legal entity identifier: 54930062W9V3JFFCZF32

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes No		
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:% in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	X It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of 70.31% of sustainable investments X with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy X with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy X with a social objective	
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments	

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)



Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?

The following table lists the environmental and social characteristics which were promoted by the Fund throughout the reference period. Further information on these environmental and social characteristics is outlined in the Fund's prospectus. Please refer to the section below, "How did the sustainability indicators perform?", which provides information about the extent that the Fund met such environmental and social characteristics.

Environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund

Reduction of carbon emissions intensity (emissions per \$1 million of sales revenue across the Fund's holdings) relative to 50% MSCI World Index and 50% Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index hedged to EUR

Maintain that the weighted average ESG rating of the Fund will be higher than the ESG rating of the 50% MSCI World Index and 50% Bloomberg after eliminating at least 20% of the lowest rated securities from the Index

Investment in Sustainable Investments

Limit investments in companies within the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Oil & Gas Exploration & Production sector and companies within the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Integrated Oil & Gas sector to below 5% of its total assets

Ensure that more than 90% of the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests (excluding money market Funds) shall be ESG rated or have been analysed for ESG purposes

Exclusion of issuers which are engaged in, or are otherwise exposed to, the production of controversial weapons (including, but not limited to, cluster munitions, biological-chemical, landmines, depleted uranium, blinding laser, non-detectable fragments and/or incendiary weapons)

Exclusion of issuers deriving any revenue from direct involvement in the production of nuclear weapons or nuclear weapon components or delivery platforms, or the provision of auxiliary services related to nuclear weapons

Exclusion of issuers deriving more than 5% of their revenue from thermal coal extraction and/or thermal coal-based power generation, with the exception of "green bonds", that are considered to comply with the International Capital Markets Association's Green Bond Principles, from such issuers

Exclusion of issuers deriving more than 5% of their revenue from the production and generation of tar sands (also known as oil sands)

Exclusion of issuers which produce tobacco products

Exclusion of issuers which derive more than 5% of their revenue from the production, distribution, retail and supply of tobacco-related products

Exclusion of issuers which produce firearms and/or small arms ammunition intended for retail to civilians

Exclusion of issuers which derive more than 5% of their revenue from the distribution (wholesale or retail) of firearms and/or small arms ammunition intended for civilian use

Exclusion of issuers which have been deemed to have failed to comply with UN Global Compact Principles (which cover human rights, labour standards, the environment and anticorruption)

Exclusion of issuers that are involved in the production, distribution or licensing of alcoholic products; the ownership or operation of gambling-related activities or facilities; production, supply and mining activities related to nuclear power and production of adult entertainment materials

Exclusion of issuers with a MSCI ESG rating below BBB

EU Taxonomy environmental objectives contributed to by the Fund

Climate Change Mitigation

Climate Change Adaptation

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

The following table provides information about the performance of the sustainability indicators used to measure the attainment of each of the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund, as further detailed in the Fund's prospectus.

Sustainability Indicator	Metric	2024	2023
Investment in Sustainable Investments	% of Sustainable Investments held by the Fund	70.31%	58.98%
Reduction of carbon emissions intensity (emissions per \$1 million of sales revenue across the Fund's holdings) relative to 50% MSCI World Index and 50% Bloomberg Global Aggregate Bond Index hedged to EUR	% reduction of carbon emissions intensity of the portfolio relative to the Index	-20.96%	-33.84%
Maintain that the weighted average ESG rating of the Fund will be higher than the ESG rating of the 50% MSCI World Index and 50% Bloomberg after eliminating at least 20% of the lowest rated securities from the Index	ESG Rating of the Fund	Fund ESG Rating AA ²	Fund ESG Rating AA ²
Limit investments in companies within the Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Oil & Gas Exploration & Production sector and companies within the GICS Integrated Oil & Gas sector to below 5% of its total assets	% of total assets in Oil & Gas Exploration & Production and Integrated Oil & Gas within the GICs classification	0.68%	0.10%
Ensure that more than 90% of the issuers of securities in which the Fund invests (excluding money market funds) shall be ESG rated or have been analysed for ESG purposes	% of issuers with an ESG rating	Greater than 90% of issuers	Greater than 90% of issuers
Exclusion of issuers based on exclusionary criteria as defined in table above Environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund	# of active breaches	1 active breach ¹	No active breaches

¹During the reference period, the Fund had one active breach due to holding an issuer that generated more than 5% of its revenue from thermal coal. The breach was identified, reported and rectified as part of BlackRock's standard breach resolution process. ²Fund ESG Rating higher than Index Rating throughout the reference period after eliminating at least 20% of the lowest rated securities from the Index.

...and compared to previous periods?

The above table provides information about the performance of the sustainability indicators for the previous reference period (see section "How did the sustainability indicators perform?").

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made and how did the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

During the reference period, the Fund invested 70.31% of its holdings in Sustainable Investments in pursuit of its investment objective.

Environmental and social objectives

The Fund invested in Sustainable Investments which contributed to a range of environmental and/or social objectives which may include but are not limited to, alternative and renewable energy, energy efficiency, pollution prevention or mitigation, reuse and recycling, health, nutrition, sanitation and education and the UN Sustainable Development Goals and other sustainability-related frameworks ("Environmental and Social Objectives").

Economic activity assessment

An investment was assessed as contributing to an environmental and/or social objective where: (i) a minimum proportion of the issuer's business activity contributed to an environmental and/or social objective; or

- (ii) the issuer's business practices contributed to an environmental and/or social objective; or (iii) the fixed income securities were aligned with an environmental and/or social objective.
- How did the sustainable investments that the financial product partially made not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

The Sustainable Investments held by the Fund during the reference period met the do no significant harm ("DNSH") requirements, as defined by applicable law and regulation. BlackRock has developed a set of criteria across all Sustainable Investments to assess whether an issuer or investment does significant harm. Investments considered to be causing significant harm do not qualify as Sustainable Investments.

 How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

The indicators for principal adverse impacts ("PAI"s) on sustainability factors for each type of investment were assessed using BlackRock's Sustainable Investments proprietary methodology. All relevant mandatory PAI indicators included in Annex 1 of the Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 22 / 1288 were considered. BlackRock used fundamental analysis and/or third-party data sources to identify investments which negatively impact sustainability factors and cause significant harm. Please refer to the section below, "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?", which describes how the Fund considered PAIs on sustainability factors.

 Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

Sustainable Investments held during the reference period were assessed to consider any detrimental impacts and ensure compliance with international standards of the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, including the principles and rights set out in the eight fundamental conventions identified in the Declaration of the International Labour Organisation on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and the International Bill of Human Rights. Issuers or companies deemed to have violated these conventions are not considered as Sustainable Investments.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific EU criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters.

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

The following table provides information about the impact of the principal adverse sustainability indicators taken into consideration by this Fund. The Fund considered the impact of the principal adverse sustainability indicators through the promotion of environmental and social characteristics ("E&S criteria") set out above (see To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by this financial product met?). The Investment Adviser has determined that these PAIs have been considered as part of the investment selection criteria. The Fund's specific sustainability indicator may not align with the full scope of the regulatory definition of the corresponding PAI outlined in Annex 1 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 Regulatory Technical Standards ("RTS").

Adverse Sustainability Indicator	Sustainability Indicators
Greenhouse gas (GHG) Emissions	Reduction of carbon emissions intensity (emissions per \$1 million of sales revenue across the Fund's holdings) relative to the benchmark
GHG Intensity of Investee Companies	Reduction of carbon emissions intensity (emissions per \$1 million of sales revenue across the Fund's holdings) relative to the benchmark
Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Exclusion of issuers deriving more than 5% of their revenue from the production and generation of tar sands (also known as oil sands)
Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	Exclusion of issuers deriving more than 5% of their revenue from thermal coal extraction and/or thermal coal-based power generation, with the exception of "green bonds", that are considered to comply with the International Capital Markets Association's Green Bond Principles
Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	Exclusion of issuers which have been deemed to have failed to comply with UN Global Compact Principles (which cover human rights, labour standards, the environment and anticorruption)
Exposure to controversial weapons (antipersonnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	Exclusion of issuers which are engaged in, or are otherwise exposed to, the production of controversial weapons (including, but not limited to, cluster munitions, biological-chemical, landmines, depleted uranium, blinding laser, non-detectable fragments and/or incendiary weapons)

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: From 1 September 2023 to 31 August 2024.

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Greencoat Uk Wind Plc	Utilities	3.77%	United Kingdom
Microsoft Corp	Information Technology	3.25%	United States
iShares Physical Gold Etc	Financials	2.22%	Ireland
Nvidia Corp	Information Technology	1.72%	United States
Syncona Limited - Ltdinary Shares	Financials	1.67%	Guernsey, Channel Islands
Novo Nordisk Class B	Health Care	1.60%	Denmark
Apple Inc	Information Technology	1.47%	United States
Asml Holding Nv	Information Technology	1.28%	Netherlands
Greencoat Renewables Plc	Utilities	1.20%	Ireland
Mastercard Inc Class A	Financials	1.14%	United States
Ensembl Inv Co Strctd Nte Cicmsc05 Regs	Financials	1.06%	Luxembourg
Sdcl Energy Efficiency Income Trus	Financials	0.99%	United Kingdom
American Express	Financials	0.90%	United States
Gresham House Energy Storage Fund	Financials	0.89%	United Kingdom
European Union Mtn Regs	Government Related	0.87%	Supranational

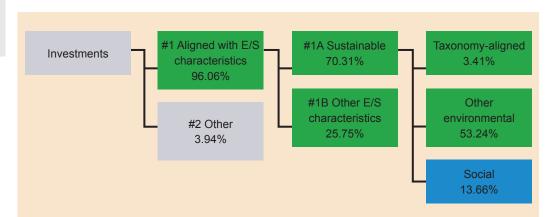
Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets. What was the asset allocation?



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments

The category #1 Aligned with E/S characteristics covers:

- The sub-category #1A Sustainable covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments.
 The sub-category #1B Other E/S characteristics covers investments aligned with the
- environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments.

The taxonomy alignment percentage in the above diagram represents the percentage of investments held by the Fund in EU Taxonomy-aligned activities through Sustainable Investments with an environmental objective. It does not include the taxonomy alignment achieved through the Fund's other investments. For the taxonomy alignment of the Fund's total investments, see the bar chart below.

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)

The following table details the asset allocation of the Fund for the current and the previous reference period.

Asset allocation	% Investme	nts
	2024	2023
#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics	96.06%	94.96%
#2 Other	3.94%	5.04%
#1A Sustainable	70.31%	58.98%
#1B Other E/S characteristics	25.75%	35.98%
Taxonomy-aligned	3.41%	0.00%
Other environmental	53.24%	46.19%
Social	13.66%	12.79%

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

The following table details the economic sectors the Fund was exposed to during the reference period.

Sector	Sub-Sector	% of Investments
Financials	Financial Services	18.40%
Utilities	Utilities	8.87%
Health Care	Pharma, Biotech & Life Sciences	6.90%
Information Technology	Software & Services	6.83%
Industrials	Capital Goods	6.28%
Financials	Banks	5.61%
Information Technology	Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment	5.10%
Treasuries	Treasuries	4.29%
Materials	Materials	3.82%
Industrials	Commercial & Professional Services	2.87%
Health Care	Health Care Equipment & Services	2.59%
Industrials	Transportation	2.53%
Consumer Discretionary	Consumer Durables	2.18%
Real Estate	Equity Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	2.14%
Consumer Discretionary	Consumer Discretionary Distribution & Retail	2.13%
Consumer Discretionary	Autos & Components	2.13%
Information Technology	Tech Hardware & Equipment	2.07%
Communication	Media & Entertainment	2.05%
Consumer Staples	Food Beverage Tobacco	1.75%
Consumer Staples	Household & Personal Products	1.62%
Financials	Insurance	1.43%
Communication	Telecom	1.16%
Government Related	Supranational	1.08%
Energy	Integrated Oil & Gas	0.25%

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)

Energy	Oil & Gas Refining & Marketing	0.22%
Energy	Oil & Gas Equipment & Services	0.17%
Energy	Oil & Gas Storage & Transportation	0.04%

During the reference period, none of the Fund's investments were held in the following sub-sectors (as defined by the Global Industry Classification System): oil and gas exploration and production, oil and gas drilling or coal and consumable fuels.

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities

are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and among others have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies.
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



To what extent were the sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

For the reference period, the Fund's investment alignment with EU Taxonomy is shown in the graphs below.

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?

Yes:

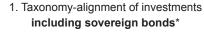
In fossil gas

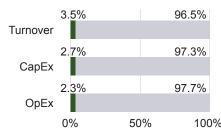
In nuclear energy

X

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective -see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





- Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas
- Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear
- Taxonomy-aligned (no gas and nuclear)
- Non Taxonomy-aligned

2. Taxonomy-alignment of investments excluding sovereign bonds*



- Taxonomy-aligned: Fossil gas
- Taxonomy-aligned: Nuclear
- Taxonomy-aligned (no gas and nuclear)
- Non Taxonomy-aligned

This graph represents 95.48% of the total investments.

^{*} For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures.

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)

For the reference period, 4.52% of the Fund's total investments were held in sovereign exposures. Taxonomy alignment of these exposures could not be determined due to limited data availability.

The investments held by the Fund during the reference period contributed to the following EU Taxonomy environmental objectives:

Environmental objectives	% of Investments
Climate Change Mitigation	3.50%
Climate Change Adaptation	0.01%

The data presented in the table above was not subject to an assurance provided by the Fund's auditor or a review by a third party. The assessment of EU Taxonomy alignment is based on data from a third-party vendor. The source of this data is a combination of equivalent and reported data. Equivalent data that matches the technical criteria under EU Taxonomy generates an eligibility or alignment result for those companies for which we do not have reported data.

What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

For the reference period, the Fund's investments in transitional and enabling activities were as follows:

	% of Investments
Transitional Activities	0.03%
Enabling Activities	1.28%

How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?

For the previous reference period, 0% of the Fund's investments were aligned with EU Taxonomy.



What was the share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

For the reference period, 53.24% of the Fund's investments were classified as Sustainable Investments with an environmental objective not aligned with EU Taxonomy.

The Fund invested in Sustainable Investments that were not aligned with the EU Taxonomy for the following reasons: (i) it is part of the investment strategy of the Fund; (ii) data to determine EU Taxonomy-alignment was unavailable; and/or (iii) underlying economic activities were not eligible under the EU Taxonomy's available technical screening criteria or did not comply with all requirements set out in such technical screening criteria.



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

For the reference period, 13.66% of the Fund's investments were classified as socially sustainable investments.



What investments were included under "Other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Investments included under "#2 Other" included derivatives, cash and near cash instruments, fixed income transferable securities (also known as debt securities) issued by governments and agencies worldwide however such holdings did not exceed 30%. Such investments were used only for investment purposes in pursuit of the Fund's (non-ESG) investment objective, for the purposes of liquidity management and/or hedging.

No other investments held by the Fund were assessed against minimum environmental or social safeguards.



Sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.

Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (continued)

ESG Multi-Asset Fund (continued)



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

The Investment Adviser has implemented internal quality controls such as compliance rule coding to ensure compliance with the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund. The Investment Adviser regularly reviews the environmental and social characteristics promoted by the Fund to ensure they are still appropriate relative to the Fund's investment universe.

Where issuers are identified as potentially having issues with regards to good governance, the issuers are reviewed to ensure that, where the Investment Adviser agrees with this external assessment, the Investment Adviser is satisfied that the issuer has either taken remediation actions or will take remedial actions within a reasonable time frame based on the Investment Adviser's direct engagement with the issuer. The Investment Adviser may also decide to reduce exposure to such issuers.

The Investment Adviser is also subject to the shareholder engagement requirements of the Shareholders Rights Directive II (SRD) requirements. The SRD aims to strengthen the position of shareholders, enhance transparency and reduce excessive risk within companies traded on regulated EU marketplaces. Further details regarding the Investment Adviser's activities under the SRD are available on BlackRock's website.



How did this financial product perform compared to the reference benchmark?

For the reference period, an index has not been designated as a reference benchmark for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Fund, therefore this section is not applicable.

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

Not applicable.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

Not applicable.

- How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?
 Not applicable.
- How did this financial product perform compared with the broad market index? Not applicable.